1		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE	
2	,	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION	
3			
4		- 10:07 a.m. NHPUC JUN07'12 AM 9:46	
5	Concord, New	Hampshire	
6	,		
7	RE:	DT 12-084 TIME WARNER ENTERTAINMENT COMPANY, LP,	
8		<pre>d/b/a TIME WARNER CABLE: Petition for Resolution of Dispute with</pre>	
9		Public Service Company of New Hampshire. (Prehearing conference)	
10	PRESENT:	Chairman Amy L. Ignatius, Presiding	
11		Commissioner Robert R. Scott Commissioner Michael D. Harrington	
12		Sandy Deno, Clerk	
13			
14	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Time Warner Entertainment Company	
15		<pre>d/b/a Time Warner Cable: Maria T. Browne, Esq. (Davis, Wright)</pre>	
16		Robert Scott, Esq. (Davis, Wright) David Anderson, Esq. (Pierce Atwood)	
17		Julie P. Laine, Esq. (Time Warner)	
18		Reptg. Public Service Co. of New Hampshire: Sarah B. Knowlton, Esq. (PSNH)	
19		Christopher J. Allwarden, Esq. (PSNH) Charles P. Bauer, Esq. (Gallagher Callahan)	
20		Erik G. Moskowitz, Esq. (Gallagher)	
21		Reptg. Comcast of New Hampshire, Inc., et al: Susan S. Geiger, Esq. (Orr & Reno)	
22		Stacey L. Parker, Esq. (Comcast)	
23	Con	art Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52	
23	COL	rt Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52	

1		
2	APPEARANCES:	(Continued)
3		Reptg. segTEL: Jeremy Katz
4		Kath Mullholand
5		Reptg. Unitil Energy Systems, Inc.: Gary Epler, Esq. (UES)
6		Harry N. Malone, Esq. (Devine Millimet)
7		Reptg. PUC Staff: Matthew J. Fossum, Esq.
8		Kate Bailey, Director/Telecom Division Thomas Frantz, Director/Electric Division
9		Michael Ladam, Telecom Division
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{DT 12-084} [Prehearing conference] {05-24-12}

2 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Welcome, everyone. 3 I'd like to open the hearing in Docket DT 12-084. This is a petition from Time Warner Entertainment Company, d/b/a 4 5 Time Warner Cable, for resolution of a dispute with Public 6 Service Company of New Hampshire. On March 30, 2012, Time 7 Warner filed a petition with the Commission to resolve a dispute with PSNH regarding rates for pole attachments 8 9 charged by PSNH. We issued an order and a subsequent 10 order with a changed date, summarizing the Petition, and 11 scheduling a prehearing conference for this morning, and noting jurisdictional issues that would be addressed at 12 13 the prehearing conference as well. 14 So, let's take appearances please. 15 MS. BROWNE: Maria Browne, with Time 16 Warner Cable. I'm from the law firm of Davis, Wright, 17 Tremaine. 18 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Good morning. 19 MS. LAINE: Good morning. I'm Julie 20 Laine, with Time Warner Cable. 21 MR. SCOTT: I'm Robert Scott, with 22 Davis, Wright, Tremaine, for Time Warner Cable.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:

All right.

Other

23

24

counsel?

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1
                         MR. ANDERSON:
                                        Dave Anderson, from
       Pierce Atwood, on behalf of Time Warner Cable.
 2
 3
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
 4
                         MS. GEIGER: Susan Geiger, from the law
 5
       firm of Orr & Reno. I represent four Comcast entities
       that are listed in the Petition for Intervention that I
 6
 7
       filed. And, with me today from the Company is Stacey
       Parker.
 8
 9
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Good morning.
10
                         MR. KATZ: Good morning.
                                                   I'm Jeremy
11
       Katz. I'm the Vice President of segTEL, and with me is
      Kath Mullholand.
12
13
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                             Good morning.
14
                         MS. KNOWLTON: Good morning. For Public
15
       Service Company of New Hampshire, my name is Sarah
16
       Knowlton. I'm a Senior Counsel with the Company. And,
17
       appearing with me today is my colleague, Christopher
18
       Allwarden, who is also a Senior Counsel at the Company.
       And, with us at counsel's table is Charles Bauer and Erik
19
20
       Moskowitz, who are the Company's counsel in the lawsuit
21
       that is pending between the parties. And, they are with
       Gallagan -- the Gallagher firm. And, from the Company,
22
23
       Allen Desbiens.
24
                                             Good morning.
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
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1	MR. EPLER: Good morning. I'm Gary
2	Epler, Chief Regulatory Counsel, Unitil Service Corp., on
3	behalf of Unitil Energy Systems, Inc. And, with me is
4	Attorney Harry Malone, of the law firm Devine Millimet.
5	Thank you.
6	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Good morning.
7	MR. FOSSUM: And, good morning. Matthew
8	Fossum, for the Staff of the Public Utilities Commission.
9	And, with me are Kate Bailey, Michael Ladam, and Tom
10	Frantz, from Commission Staff.
11	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Welcome, everyone.
12	We have three interventions that I'm aware of that have
13	been filed, requests for intervention: Comcast, segTEL
14	and Unitil. Are there any other parties seeking
15	intervention?
16	(No verbal response)
17	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: It appears not.
18	And, I also notice the OCA is in the back. But are you
19	planning to participate or simply observe?
20	MR. ECKBERG: We are not planning to
21	participate in this docket at this time. I'm just here
22	out of interest and curiosity about the proceedings today.
23	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Good.
24	So on the issues of intervention we've reviewed the

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1
       petitions.
                   I don't know if there's any objections to them
 2
       from any of the parties and Staff. And, so, we want to
 3
       hear arguments on why you're seeking to intervene. And,
       we've read what you've filed. But I want particular
 4
 5
       focus, if you would please, on why your rights, duties or
 6
      privileges are affected by this docket. You certainly
 7
      have interest in it. It is interesting. And, it's
       relevant to what you do. There's no question about that,
 8
 9
       for the three parties that are seeking intervention.
10
       do they rise to the level of the legal standard for
11
       intervention in our state law? So, as you explain your
12
       Petition to Intervene and anything you want to stress from
13
       that, you don't need to restate everything that's been
14
       filed, but anything you can really clarify as to why your
15
       legal interests are affected, rather than "these are
16
       interests of concern" of yours, I would appreciate it.
                         So, Ms. Geiger, do you want to begin
17
18
       with Comcast?
                                            Thank you, Chairman
19
                         MS. GEIGER:
                                     Yes.
       Ignatius. As indicated in Comcast's Petition to
20
21
       Intervene, Comcast is similarly situated to Time Warner,
22
       in that Comcast also has interconnection -- excuse me,
23
      pole attachment agreements with PSNH. And, to the extent
24
       this docket will adjudicate the issue of whether or not
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PSNH has properly charged Time Warner and other pole attachers, that are essentially cable providers, correctly, and, prospectively, what the appropriate rate for those pole attachments are, Comcast's relationship to PSNH, and rights, duties, privileges, and other immunities that would be affected by the outcome of this docket are the same as Time Warner's. And, therefore, we believe would qualify for intervention.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: But isn't this essentially a contract dispute between two parties, and Comcast is not one of those two parties?

MS. GEIGER: I think that, technically, that's probably correct. But, upon information and belief, and even though we've not conducted formal discovery in this docket, the pole attachment agreements that Comcast has with PSNH we believe are similar to Time Warner's. And, therefore, to the extent that there is an adjudication of any language or terms, conditions or other obligations, rights and duties under those contracts, we believe that that adjudication would constitute res judicata with respect to our contracts. And, therefore, for purposes of administrative economy, it makes more sense for Comcast to be involved in this docket, rather than to deal separately with these issues in another

docket. 1 2 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Thank 3 you. Before we move to the next request, do we want to hear responses on the Comcast petition? Is there anyone 4 who's opposed to the Comcast Petition to Intervene? 5 6 (No verbal response) 7 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Seeing nothing, Mr. Katz. 8 9 MR. KATZ: So, to start, segTEL is 10 similarly situated to both Comcast and Time Warner. 11 knowledge and belief, our pole attachment agreement with Public Service of New Hampshire is substantially 12 13 identical, with the exception of the identification of the 14 rates that are charged annually. There's a schedule that 15 simply separates the cable TV rate and the telecom rate. 16 SegTEL is presently charged the telecommunications rate. 17 SegTEL is attached to over 30,000 poles throughout the 18 State of New Hampshire. 19 Essentially, there are several issues 20 that are brought up in this docket. And, the first is,

Essentially, there are several issues that are brought up in this docket. And, the first is, essentially, a request for a ratemaking of what the appropriate rate should be for attachments. The Public Utilities Commission rules, 1300 rules, on the matter are pretty clear that pole attachments must be granted on a

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1
       non-discriminatory basis. And, to the extent that there's
 2
       a ratemaking that's going to determine a rate that applies
 3
       to pole attachments, under a contract that we have that is
 4
       substantially identical to the one that Time Warner has
 5
       with Public Service, our rights, duties, and privileges
       would be substantially affected, and we have the
 6
 7
       obligation to protect those rights, privileges, and
       obligations.
 8
 9
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Okay. Before you go
10
       to number two, --
11
                         MR. KATZ:
                                    Sure.
12
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: -- take a breath.
13
       Because either you or the court reporter is going to run
14
       out of steam.
15
                         (Laughter.)
16
                         MR. KATZ: Just tell me when.
17
                         MR. PATNAUDE: Go ahead.
18
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: That's fine.
                                                            Just
19
       try to slow down a little bit.
20
                         MR. KATZ: Number two, there is a
21
       substantial question that appears to be teed up for
22
       litigation here, about whether the types of relief that
23
       are available under pole attachment disputes are
24
       prospective only, or can be applied to actual issues that
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have occurred prior to the placement of the complaint.

That's based upon the filing that Public Service made in response to the petition that Time Warner submitted. And, to the extent that segTEL has, in the ordinary course of business, many issues that come about in our seeking of pole attachments and maintenance of pole attachments, including rates, the adjudication of the issue that Time — that Public Service has brought up is going to substantially impact our rights, privileges, and obligations.
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And, third, a substantial portion of the Time Warner Petition has to do with the question of the FCC's findings in their most recent rulemaking about pole attachments, and what relation the FCC's findings might have to the manner in which New Hampshire regulates pole attachments. And, that is a issue that is substantially going to affect segTEL's rights, duties, and privileges as well. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Is there any objection to segTEL's Petition to Intervenor?

MS. BROWNE: Yes. Time Warner actually filed an objection. And, one of the issues that we are really concerned about is expanding the issues within the case beyond what they are presently in the Petition.

SegTEL, as a pole owner and conduit owner is actually in a different position than attaching entities, such as Time Warner Cable and Comcast, in that they have significant leverage with respect to attaching entities in those relationships. The FCC, in its April 2011 order, did extend certain protections under the federal law to incumbent local exchange carriers that own facilities, but they did differentiate between those types of attaching entities from attaching entities such as a cable television operator or competitive local exchange carriers that are not -- don't own those types of facilities.

So, our concern here is, and it's amplified somewhat by the presentation that was just made, that the issues will be expanded to include the rights that pole owners may have vis-a-vis electric company utility pole owners. And, those are not the issues that are in the current Petition. The issues in the current Petition are focused primarily on what the rate should be during the time period when the Interim Rules were in effect and the FCC's Rules were in effect, yes, but also prospectively. And, I do think, with respect — they are only relevant to those entities that are attaching to PSNH's poles. The rate that ultimately is set for Public Service Company of New Hampshire is a rate just for Public

Service Company of New Hampshire. It's not the rate that will then be charged by other pole owners in the state. Yes, there may be some similarities, if you decide to adopt -- if the Commission were to decide to adopt one formula, for example. But it wouldn't necessarily be applied in the same manner, because there are different factual elements that go into setting the rate. And, so, we think that, unless you are a specific attacher in the same position as Time Warner in this case, that you wouldn't -- that there's a risk that the issues will be expanded.

Another point that I think is important to note is that Section 224(c) actually limits the amount of time that states may take to adjudicate a complaint. The statute says that the state -- certified state shall take 180 dates to adjudicate a complaint, from the date the complaint is filed to the resolution, or 360 days, if the rules so provide within the state. That's a really short time frame. And, just, if the 180-day time frame were applied, that extends this out to September 27th by which a final resolution is required. If, in fact, the 360-day time period is permitted, then it gets you to March, but it's still a very tight time frame. So, the more parties that get involved, the less likely it is that

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       we'll be able to resolve the matter within the statutory
 2
       time frame.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr. Katz, a
       response?
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 5
                         MR. KATZ: Well, I appreciate being
       elevated to the position of "incumbent", but I think this
 6
 7
       might have been somewhat misstated. SegTEL is the largest
       fiber optic competitive local exchange carrier in the
 8
 9
       State of New Hampshire. And, our attachments that are
10
       made to poles owned by Public Service of New Hampshire are
11
       made as a CLEC, in the capacity of a CLEC. We are not a
12
       co-owner of poles or an ILEC in any way, shape, or form.
13
                         And, since Time Warner's objection seems
14
       to be on the basis that we were confused with an ILEC,
15
       which I'm still going to take as a compliment, I think,
16
       that I don't believe there is any other reason that Time
17
       Warner would have to object to our participation.
18
       really in the same position that they are, essentially
19
       litigating the same position.
20
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Do you have
21
       attachments on PSNH poles?
                         MR. KATZ: Well over 15,000 of them.
22
23
                         MS. BROWNE: Commissioner, perhaps my
24
       understanding was from the filing that was made by segTEL,
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and where they state that they "own poles, ducts conduits,
 1
 2
       and rights-of-way." But, if that is not the case, then we
 3
       would want to amend our position on that. Nevertheless,
 4
       the time frames are still a significant issue.
 5
       we'd like to understand a little bit more about the issues
 6
       that segTEL raised with respect to the April 11th order --
 7
       I'm sorry, the April 2011 order that the FCC issued, and
       what additional issues beyond the specific rate that's
 8
 9
      being charged by PSNH that segTEL is interested in
10
       exploring. Because, again, I think we want to make sure
11
       that we don't go beyond the very defined issues in the
       Petition.
12
13
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you. And, can
14
       anyone help me, are we under the -- do our rules provide
15
       for a 12-month review period or are we working under the
16
       180 days?
17
                         MR. FOSSUM:
                                      I'm sorry.
18
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr. Fossum.
19
                         MR. FOSSUM:
                                      It's my understanding that
20
       there's no specific time frame set out in the Commission's
21
               So, I believe, and I haven't spent much time
       looking at Section 224, but it would be my understanding
22
23
       then that the 180 day time frame applies.
24
                                            And, do we know if
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
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       that's a hard date? Sometimes we have deadlines for
 2
       review that say "you must do it within three months,
 3
       unless you're not able to reach agreement" -- I mean,
 4
       "reach resolution, in which case you get an additional
 5
       number of months." Is there anything like that that
 6
       you're aware of?
 7
                         MR. FOSSUM: Not that I'm aware of.
       But, again, I have spent not a lot of time. I would
 8
 9
       essentially defer to those who have spent more time
10
       reviewing the federal statutes than I have to understand
11
       that issue.
12
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Perhaps at the end
13
       of the proceeding this morning, or in the next few days,
14
       if anyone can get resolution on that and just submit it in
15
       a letter to the Commission, so it's in the record, would
16
      be helpful. All right.
17
                         (Chairman and Commissioners conferring.)
18
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right.
19
       Epler?
20
                         MR. EPLER:
                                     Yes.
21
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Your Petition to
       Intervene on behalf of Unitil?
22
23
                         MR. EPLER: Yes, madam Chairman.
24
       you. First, I would state that Unitil is not party to the
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contract in dispute. But we do have attachments -attachment agreements in place with numerous attachees,
including Comcast. And, that the -- that based on
information and belief, the genesis of all these pole
attachment agreements are from more or less a template
that was provided by Verizon. And, so, our pole
attachment agreement, while not identical to that in
dispute here, is very close to being identical; similar
payment terms and other -- and other terms and conditions.

And, accordingly, to the extent that the Commission may be deciding issues of interpretation of these attachment agreements, they will affect the rights of Unitil.

We do have an active dispute with

Comcast over the very issues that -- the very matters that

are at issue between Time Warner and PSNH. We have a -
we received a letter from Comcast in July 2008 stating

that "Comcast will no longer offer telecommunications in

the State of New Hampshire. To the extent that Comcast

provides interconnected Voice-over Internet Protocol

services, VoIP has not been classified as a

telecommunications services, including for the assessment

of a pole attachment rate." So, we do have an active

dispute with them on this very matter.

Also, if you look at the relief requested by Time Warner, at Pages 32 and 33 of their Petition, they're very much asking for generic relief, in terms of interpretation of rulings from the Commission.

There was mention by Time Warner's counsel of the concern of many parties being involved. I would suggest that, actually, the parties here are well-versed in the issues, very competent, and very much may be able to bring these matters to a head and assist in getting this dispute resolved, particularly because they're -- that I think it would assist the Commission knowing all of the interests that are involved and the implications of any ruling on particular terms of the agreements.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you. Is there objection to Unitil's Petition to Intervene?

MS. BROWNE: Yes, madam Chairman. Time Warner also filed an objection to Unitil's intervention for many of the same reasons previously stated. And, you know, one of the concerns, too, I will say is discovery, and how long that might take with just two parties involved. If we extend this out to numerous parties, we're very concerned that we won't be able to meet the time frame. We don't see the need for a lot of discovery

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between the two primary parties, largely because,
 1
       depending upon how the formula -- how the Six Factor Test
 2
 3
       that were in the New Hampshire Public Service Commission
       rules, and/or the FCC formula, which was in effect during
 4
 5
       the Interim Rules, that those will likely -- well, we know
       the FCC formula does, and we would anticipate that New
 6
 7
       Hampshire's application of the Six Factor Test would
       involve publicly available data. And, therefore, Time
 8
 9
       Warner does not envision the need for much discovery.
                                                              But
10
       we're concerned that adding additional parties will
11
       further complicate those issues.
12
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                            Any other response
13
       to the Unitil Petition to Intervene?
14
                         (No verbal response)
15
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr. Epler, any
16
       response from you?
17
                         MR. EPLER: Well, the additional concern
18
       that was just raised by Time Warner's counsel with respect
       to discovery, certainly, Unitil is going to adhere to any
19
20
       discovery schedule that's set by the Commission.
21
       we'll work vigorously with the parties to help the case
       management in this docket. So, we don't see that as a
22
23
       reason to not allow our intervention.
24
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                             But, Mr. Epler, I
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take it your expectation is that the contracts that you have with Comcast would become exhibits as part of this case or not?

MR. EPLER: No. That's not our intent. Our intent, though, is just — is to, at least initially, to monitor the proceeding. But we are concerned about any rulings that may be coming from the Commission on the matters at issue. And, we would want to be able to participate in the litigation of those, of those matters. So, to the extent that the Commission is asking for briefing on particular provisions of the contract, where those provisions may be identical, that I think Unitil has an interest in putting its position before the Commission. We would not be seeking to bring our dispute with Comcast before the Commission in this docket.

(Chairman and Commissioners conferring.)

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Thank you very much on the intervention questions. We will take all of that under advisement.

I think the next issue we want to talk about is -- oh, well, first of all, one just minor detail to work out. Ms. Browne, you referenced "objections", and we don't have those for some reason, but I do think they're listed in the docket listing. All right, we do

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1
       have them.
                   So, we'll take a look at them.
 2
                         The next really significant issue to
 3
       hear people on today is the question of jurisdiction. As
       I understand it, this dispute is, obviously, the subject
 4
 5
       of this Petition filed with the Commission, also with a
 6
       civil suit filed by PSNH in the Merrimack County Superior
 7
       Court. And, according to one of the letters submitted,
       that was removed by Time Warner to the Federal District
 8
 9
       Court, is that correct?
10
                         MS. BROWNE: Yes.
11
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Can we get a status
       of where it stands legally, and whether the Court has made
12
13
       any comment on what it believes the appropriate
14
       jurisdiction is for this dispute?
15
                         MS. BROWNE: Yes.
                                            PSNH had filed a
16
       motion to remand the case to the Merrimack Superior Court.
17
       A district court denied that motion and has retained
18
       jurisdiction over the matter. Comcast had filed a motion
       to dismiss and/or stay the proceeding in Federal Court
19
20
       pending the resolution here --
21
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Comcast filed?
22
                         MS. BROWNE: I'm sorry, Time Warner,
23
       right.
24
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                             Okay.
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MS. BROWNE: Time Warner Cable filed the
 1
 2
       Motion to Dismiss the proceeding and/or stay the
 3
       proceeding pending resolution by this Commission of the
 4
       substantive issues, interpreting the New Hampshire rules
 5
       governing pole attachments. That PSNH's opposition to
 6
       those motions is still out and pending, and will be due in
 7
       June, I believe, end of June.
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: So, there's no
 8
 9
       ruling from the Federal Court on your --
10
                         MS. BROWNE: Motion to Dismiss or Stay.
11
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: -- Motion to Dismiss
12
       or Stay.
13
                         MR. BAUER: Madam Chairman, if I may?
14
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Please.
15
                         MR. BAUER: My name is Charles Bauer --
16
                         (Court reporter interruption.)
17
                         CMSR. HARRINGTON: Closer to the mike.
18
                         MR. BAUER: Okay. My name is Charles
       Bauer.
               Is that better?
19
20
                         MR. PATNAUDE:
                                        Speak up please.
21
                         MR. BAUER: Okay. My name is Charles
22
               I represent PSNH in the Federal Court system civil
23
       litigation that deals with a debt collection, based on the
24
      breach of contract that PSNH has alleged against Time
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Warner. That matter, as counsel for Time Warner indicated, that is pending before Judge Barbadoro in the Federal Court system.

Presently, there is a deadline of June 7th with regard to an objection to the motion that has been filed, to either stay the case or to dismiss the case. We will be filing and responding to that in an appropriate manner and fashion.

We also have -- most likely we'll be filing also a motion with regard to the Federal Court system, pending what this Commission does with the issue of prospective application for the ratemaking issue versus the breach of contract issue that we believe is before the court systems, which would be the retroactive application. We believe that the retroactive application of the contract is a judicial matter, common law matter, it's a breach of contract. And, the prospective ratemaking issue, we concede that this jurisdiction, the Commission has jurisdiction over that.

I might also add that there is a similar action pending in the State Court system against one of the other parties. So, there are two civil actions based on debt and contract issues; one in Federal Court and one in State Court; one against Time Warner and one against

one of the other parties. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you. That takes us into another one of the major questions of what the scope of this proceeding should be. But, before we get to that, although they're pretty deeply intertwined, is there any other comment anyone would like to make on jurisdiction overall? Is there an argument that the New Hampshire Commission has exclusive jurisdiction on the rate issues or the contract dispute, and it must be here, or that it's concurrent jurisdiction and you just either wish it were or wish it were not here, depending on your point of view? I mean, is it -- why is it not appropriate to say "this is a contract dispute that should be resolved through the courts, and really is not a PUC matter"?

MS. KNOWLTON: Chairman Ignatius, I'm certainly prepared to address the jurisdictional issue. And, I think, as the Commission is aware from filings the Company has made, it's the Company's position that the retrospective aspect of this, the debt collection matter under the contract, is properly here -- excuse me, is properly before the Federal Court, and should remain in the court system.

And, I am prepared to address that now or I'm not sure how you'd like to proceed.

{DT 12-084} [Prehearing conference] {05-24-12}

1 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I think that would 2 be fine. And, we'll give everyone an opportunity to 3 respond. MS. KNOWLTON: Okay. Well, as I 4 5 indicated, from the Company's perspective, this is a simple debt collection matter. PSNH has sued Time Warner 6 7 for fees that are due and owing under a 2004 contract between the parties. 8 On February 6, 2004, PSNH and Time 9 10 Warner entered into a contract, which allows Time Warner 11 to attach to PSNH's poles. Since that time, Time Warner has been occupying space on PSNH's poles. But it has not 12 13 paid the amounts that are due and owing under the 14 contract. 15 When PSNH determined that Time Warner 16 was using its poles to provide telecommunications 17 services, PSNH assessed Time Warner the telecommunications 18 rate under the contract. Despite the fact that Time 19 Warner continued to occupy space on the Company's poles 20 and provide those telecommunications services, Time Warner 21 failed to pay the attachment fees under the contract. As of January of this year, Time Warner 22 23 owed PSNH approximately \$1 million under that contract.

In January of this year, PSNH brought that debt collection

action against Time Warner in Merrimack County Superior

Court. And, as you've heard, that's been removed to the

Federal Court. PSNH brought the action in Superior Court

based on Section 15.5 of the contract, which is the

"Choice of Law" provision. Which states as follows: "All

actions under this Agreement shall be brought in a court

of competent subject-matter jurisdiction of the county of

the capital of such State or Commonwealth or a regulatory

agency with subject-matter jurisdiction, and both parties

agree to accept and submit to the personal jurisdiction of

such court or regulatory agency." Time Warner removed

that case to the U.S. District Court in New Hampshire,

and, as you've heard, that's where it's pending.

Time Warner is here today to ask the Commission to ignore that "Choice of Law" provision, and to step in and intercede and to take the debt collection matter away from the Federal Court. The Commission should abstain from doing so, and allow the Federal Court to decide the matter.

The contract is clear that PSNH had the right to bring the debt collection matter in Superior Court. PSNH was the first to file a legal action under the contract. As the first to file, the Company has the right to select the forum consistent with the contractual

provisions in which to bring its debt collection action. Section 15.5 of the contract is unequivocal, that a court of competent subject-matter jurisdiction was a permissible choice under the contract; and that is what PSNH chose.

Time Warner is here asking that the

Commission take the matter away from the Federal Court,

because it disputes the attachment fees charged under the

contract. However, Time Warner does not make this request

with clean hands. The contract contains very specific

provisions which govern how attachment fees should be

disputed, and Time Warner did not follow those provisions.

Section 3.1.3 of the contract states that any "changes in the amount of Attachment Fees and Charges...shall become effective on the date specified by the Licensor", which here is PSNH, provided that the Licensor give "60 days notice" to the Licensee, which is Time Warner, of the change.

The contract further states that "the changes shall be presumed acceptable unless at least 30 days prior to the end of the 60 day notice period [the] Licensee advises Licensor in writing that the changes are unacceptable and, in addition, submits the issue to the regulatory body asserting jurisdiction over this Agreement for [a] decision." Time Warner never did that. They

never submitted a dispute over those changes within 30 days of those new fees taking effect. They were required to do that by the contract six years ago, and they never did. They come six years to late to the Commission in asking it to step in today.

The contract also provides that, if Time Warner fails to pay an amount disputed under the contract, it must deposit the amounts in an interest-bearing escrow account until the dispute is resolved. Time Warner has also not done that.

At the time Time Warner received notice from PSNH of a change to the fees under the contract, with which Time Warner now says it does not agree, Time Warner certainly could have terminated the agreement or disputed the change in writing, and then submitted the issue again to the applicable regulatory agency. But it chose to do neither. And, thus, the change in the rate was presumed acceptable.

Having itself ignored the terms of the contract, Time Warner now asks the Commission to ignore the "Choice of Law" provision; the Commission should not do so.

Those are essentially the arguments that I have. As we've indicated in filings with the

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      Commission, that the Company does not, if the Commission
      is going to undertake a prospective review of, you know,
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      what rates should be for pole attachments, certainly the
      Company agrees that that matter should be here. But this
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      dispute about what's due and owing under the contract
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      belongs in the court system.
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                        CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                            Thank you.
                                                         Ms.
      Browne, a response?
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                        MS. BROWNE:
                                     Yes.
                                           I'd like to address
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this in sort of three points. Section 224 of the federal law governed when the parties entered into this contract in 2004. At no time had pole attachments, during the time period in question, been unregulated. During the entire time period, pole attachment rates were regulated; either at the FCC or here at the Commission, when the Commission assumed jurisdiction.

So, when the parties entered into the Agreement, it was well known among the parties that the federal law governed and limited the amount that could be charged in those agreements. The federal law that governed also allowed for attaching entities to enter into an agreement, and then subsequently file a complaint at the FCC to challenge those provisions. And that, therefore, because this is such a highly regulated area,

there was no expectation or reasonable expectation on the part of PSNH that it could charge rates -- any rates that it chose. And, if that's the contract at issue, which is actually one of three contracts between the parties, but the particular contract at issue that PSNH cites does not have a bifurcated rate structure.

In late 2005, Time Warner Cable began offering VoIP services to portions of the State of New Hampshire. In 2006, PSNH issued an invoice, which had two rate -- two rate structures on it. It had a rate governing cable and internet service and a rate governing communications service. It never notified Time Warner Cable, pursuant to the terms of the contract, that there would be a new rate or a rate increase.

It's Time Warner's position that,

because it was never notified not -- and the rates

increased annually over the next six-year term, Time

Warner never paid the second bifurcated rate. Objected to

having to pay a bifurcated rate, and did not receive

correspondence back from PSNH in response to its

objections.

So, the fact -- the contract issues are not nearly as clean and simple as PSNH would have you believe. In fact, the fact that these are highly

regulated areas really substantially undermine their position, that they had an expectation that they could be able to unilaterally set the rates and charge Time Warner for a different rate for the VoIP service.

The statute, RSA 37:34-a [374:34-a?] provides this Commission with express authority to hear and resolve complaints concerning rates, charges, terms, conditions, voluntary agreements, or any denial of access relative to pole attachments.

The rules that were adopted by this

Commission in December 2009 specifically provide for the

Commission to adjudicate disputes arising under existing

agreements. Section 1304.03 states that "A party to a

pole attachment agreement...may petition the

Commission...for resolution of a dispute arising under

such agreement or order." 1304.05 states that "Upon

receipt of a petition pursuant to this part, the

Commission shall conduct an adjudicative proceeding

pursuant to Puc 203 to consider and rule on the petition".

And, Section 1304.07 states that "the Commission [may]

order a refund" where it determines that a rate has been

set at too high.

In fact, it is in the public interest for this Commission to state how the parameters of its

rules apply. This is a case of first impression under the pole attachment rules that were adopted in December 2009.

It necessarily involved consideration of historic facts.

That does not make it retroactive ratemaking.

The Supreme Court of the United States has stated that "In a case in which an administrative agency could not reasonably --

(Court reporter interruption.)

MS. BROWNE: The Supreme Court of the United States has stated that "In a case in which an administrative agency cannot reasonably foresee problems which must be solved, despite absence of a relevant general rule, it may do so."

Every case of first impression has a retroactive effect, whether the new principle is announced by a court or by an administrative agency. But, according to the United States Supreme Court, that does make the decision retroactive ratemaking.

The fact that Time Warner objected and paid at a lower rate the entire time period -- during the entire time period, significantly undermines PSNH's statement earlier that they "presumed that this rate was acceptable." That cannot be the case. They did not pay the telecom surcharge and objected to the telecom

surcharge.

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"Time Warner does not approach this with unclean hands." PSNH unilaterally changed the rate structure under the contract, decided that, in its mind, the FCC's telecom formula applied to VoIP, and, therefore, it should be permitted to assess that rate. In fact, this issue has been pending before the FCC for a number of years. There is a petition currently pending at the FCC filed by Ameren, another pole-owning utility, asked -that it asked the FCC to apply its historic telecom formula to VoIP; the FCC never did that. The telecom formula is no longer in effect. There is a new modified formula that the FCC adopted that has brought the rates more in line with the rates produced using the FCC's cable formula. The FCC's goal, which was implemented through its rulemaking in April of 2011, was to have rates that were essentially the same for all attaching entities. They recognized that the formula that they had adopted for telecom had produced far too many disputes, and was creating unreasonable signals in the marketplace, and decided that they should have something closer to a single rate formula. They were precluded by statute from adopting the exact same formula, but they were able to reach that result for the most part.

{DT 12-084} [Prehearing conference] {05-24-12}

There is no state -- there are 21 certified states in the country. Not one state has adopted the FCC's historic telecom formula. In fact, 20 of those 21 states have a single formula for pole attachments.

We believe it is this Commission's duty under the statute, state statute, and under its own rules, to decide what the rate should be, not only during -- under the new standards, but also under the Interim Rules. The Commission adopted Interim Rules that certified to the FCC that it would have Interim Rules in place for two years. And, in doing so, it said that the rules would be -- the rules that would be in effect would be the cable rate formula and the FCC's telecom rate formula during that time period. At no time during that time period had New Hampshire decided that the telecom rate formula would apply to commingled services, VoIP services.

The most relevant legal authority on the matter was the FCC's decision, which was subsequently upheld by the United States Supreme Court, in Gulf Power, that the cable rate formula would apply to commingled services, to cable and Internet services. The FCC -- neither the FCC nor the courts have determined that the FCC's telecom formula should apply just because voice

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       applications are added to the commingled Internet and
       cable service.
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                         MS. KNOWLTON: Commissioner Ignatius,
       may I respond?
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I'm not sure we're
       done yet. Are you finished, Ms. Browne?
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                         MS. BROWNE: Yes, madam Chairman.
      believe that's all for now. Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Thank
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       you. A brief response, focus on the law. I really don't
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       want to get into the facts between the two parties, some
       jurisdiction, us or someone, is going to hear all of that.
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       But, if it's specific on the law, yes, please.
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                         MS. KNOWLTON: Well, just briefly.
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       point that I wanted to make is that the pole attachment
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       law here in New Hampshire recognizes and gives effect to
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       voluntary agreements between parties, and that's what
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       we're talking about here is a voluntary agreement that the
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       parties entered into that has very specific terms.
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       nowhere in that statute does it state that the Commission
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      has exclusive jurisdiction as a grant, I agree it's a
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       grant of authority to the Commission, but it's not an
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       exclusive grant.
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                                             Thank you.
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                                         Other
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       parties or would-be intervenors who want to comment on the
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       jurisdictional questions and which tribunal is most
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       appropriate?
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                         (No verbal response)
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. We're
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       also curious whether the state legislation recently
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       considered and voted on by both parties, though, not
       signed into law by the Governor, Senate Bill 48, has any
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       impact on the Commission's jurisdiction here? Is there
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       any comment anyone would like to make on that? Mr. Katz.
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                         MR. KATZ: SegTEL's understanding is
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       that the state legislation alters retail obligations, but
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       does not affect wholesale input obligations. And, that
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       pole attachments are a wholesale input, and those
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       obligations would be uneffected.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr. Fossum.
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                         MR. FOSSUM: I believe that's in line
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       with Staff's understanding of the legislation as well.
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                         MS. BROWNE:
                                      May I --
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I'm sorry.
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                         MS. BROWNE: Sorry. Madam Chairman?
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Yes.
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                         MS. BROWNE: I agree with that
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       interpretation. I would just say that, to the extent that
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this Commission's decision regulating interconnected VoIP services for certain purposes similarly I believe was limited to, in its effect, to retail, as opposed to the wholesale issues.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. There's been a lot of discussion this morning and in the letters filed about both retro -- changing to the current rates and changing what the current rates are, and any prospective change. And, I guess we would be curious to know what the parties' view is as to the ability to bifurcate those issues, and how much you see they are intertwined or whether you can really treat them as two separate matters. Maybe all at the Commission, maybe not, but that to deal only with the prospective rates in one proceeding, and deal with the contract dispute going back to 2004 in another proceeding. Does anyone have a comment on that?

MS. KNOWLTON: The Company's view is that they can be bifurcated, and that it's a straightforward bifurcation. The case that's pending in court right now clearly defines the Company's claims, and that can be determined as to amounts that are due under the contract. You know, I think, as to what rates should be on a going-forward basis, there's no reason, you know,

why that couldn't be determined, you know, independent of 1 that debt collection matter. 2 3 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Do you see those things having to be sequential or could they be running on 4 5 a parallel basis? 6 MS. KNOWLTON: I think they could be 7 running on a parallel basis. CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Ms. Browne, any 8 9 response to that? 10 MS. BROWNE: Yes. It's Time Warner's 11 position that it's really the responsibility of the Commission, having certified to the FCC that it intended 12 13 to regulate the rates, terms and conditions, and having 14 adopted Interim Rules, that it should provide guidance to 15

position that it's really the responsibility of the Commission, having certified to the FCC that it intended to regulate the rates, terms and conditions, and having adopted Interim Rules, that it should provide guidance to these parties on the legal issue of what rate should apply. That it's not something for the court to simply look at a contract. These are highly regulated contracts. Since 1978, Congress has determined that pole -- those who own poles have access to -- sorry -- have the ability to prevent access to an essential facility. That these are -- but that attaching entities absolutely need access to the poles and conduits that are existing in order to deliver their services to customers. And, therefore, this particular agreement is not like any run-of-the-mill

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       contract that you would find in a Superior Court
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       proceeding, where it's simply a matter of whether the
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       parties unilaterally decide what the rate should be, and
       then assess those rates on the attaching entity.
                                                         In fact,
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       this is something that we need guidance from you all to
       tell us whether -- what the rate should have been that was
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       in effect during the Interim Rules.
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: But that inquiry,
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       could that be done separately from the prospective rate
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       issues?
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                         MS. BROWNE:
                                      I think that they can be
       certainly analyzed separately. But I guess the question
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       is whether it could be done within the statutory time
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       period, given that they are both raised in the Petition in
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       separate proceedings. But maybe I'm not familiar enough
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       with the options that you have here at the Commission, in
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       terms of setting them out in different forums.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Well, I think this
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       is, as you say, this is a case of first impression, and so
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       we're exploring all of this at the same time that you are.
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                         MS. BROWNE: But, I mean, yes,
       theoretically, I think it's fine, absolutely, if it stays
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      here, for the Commission to consider them separately.
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                                             And, if it were one
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
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workable in your mind?

-- one piece of it in the courts, and the dispute over the 2 2004 and subsequent contracts in the court system, and the issue of prospective ratemaking at the Commission, is that

MS. BROWNE: I think the concern, again, that we have is that there -- that the real issue is whether the regulated entity, PSNH, was permitted to charge a rate that it says it was allowed to charge under the regulations. And, we don't think that the court is in the best position to make that decision.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Why not?

MS. BROWNE: Because the regulations were entrusted to the Commission for interpretation. And, this is a matter of state policy, and determining whether — whether the utility should be permitted to assess a surcharge on the rates that were previously determined to be applicable for cable and Internet services.

The other issue that I would raise is that we are not entirely sure the rates that were charged were consistent with the FCC formulas. And, therefore, it may be necessary to apply the actual formulas and to consider regulatory rate issues within the proceeding. And, we're not entirely sure a court is the right entity to perform that function, to assess the particular rate

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       under the formula.
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                         MS. KNOWLTON: Commissioner Ignatius?
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                             Yes.
                         MS. KNOWLTON: I have one brief comment,
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       if I may.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                             Please.
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                         MS. KNOWLTON:
                                        The contract is very
       clear that there is a process to be followed at a
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       regulatory agency, if the licensee felt that the rate that
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       was being applied was not the correct rate. The contract
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       is perfectly clear on its face on this. And, Time Warner
       never availed itself of the assistance of a regulatory
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       body, whether it was the FCC or the PUC, depending on what
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       time frame we're talking about. It's too late. And, so,
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       what the court is doing is going to be looking at the
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       plain terms of the contract and applying those terms of
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       the contract, which is a voluntary agreement that the
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       parties entered into.
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                         MS. BROWNE: And, I would just like to
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       remind that the rules actually provide for the Commission
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       to consider challenges under voluntary agreements.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                             Thank you.
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       Commissioner Scott.
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                                             In the court itself
                         CMSR. SCOTT:
                                       Yes.
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right now, is Time Warner arguing, I assume, that this
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       issue should be properly before the PUC, is that correct?
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                         MS. BROWNE: Yes. And, that issue has
       been briefed by Time Warner, and we're just awaiting a
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       response by PSNH.
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                         CMSR. SCOTT:
                                       Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Anything
       further on the jurisdictional questions that anyone would
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       like to raise?
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                         (No verbal response)
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I appreciate your
       comments this morning. Just a few housekeeping matters.
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       We have an affidavit of publication received, thank you,
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       on the Order of Notice. And, I don't recall anything of
       confidentiality being sought regarding any of the
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       documents, is that correct? Nothing that anyone is
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       seeking protective treatment over at this point?
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                         MS. BROWNE:
                                      That's correct.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. What's
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       the docket number in the federal court, so that, if we
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       wanted to take a look at the briefs that were filed?
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                         MR. SCOTT: If I may, your Honor?
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Please.
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                                     Robert Scott. And, I would
                         MR. SCOTT:
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       put on the record, since we have the reporter, that I
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       don't believe there's any relationship between myself and
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       Commissioner Scott. Questions of nepotism sometimes come
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       up.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I hadn't thought
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       about that.
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                         MR. SCOTT: The docket number in the
      District of New Hampshire Federal Court is Civil Number
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       12-CV-00098-PB.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: What was the final,
       "PV"?
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                         MR. SCOTT: "PB", for the judge's last
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       name.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Oh, "PB". Yes. All
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       right. And, do we know the -- well, I don't know if we
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       still need to look at the Merrimack County issues, but I
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      know we have the original pleading that was received
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       there. But, if you do know the docket number of that, we
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       might as well.
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                         MS. BROWNE: I have the Case Number,
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       2172012, C, as in "Charlie", V, as in "Victor", 00080.
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                         CMSR. HARRINGTON: Could you just repeat
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       that please?
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                                      Absolutely.
                         MS. BROWNE:
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2172012CV00080.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Sounds like you just read us your Visa card number. So, hope that's not the case. All right. Anything further that people want to address to us, then we should talk about what else to attend to today after we leave?

(No verbal response)

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. I think that, you know, the normal course is that we move then into a technical session and a development of a procedural schedule. This is -- this is an unusual matter, because, depending on some of the rulings, certainly on interventions on the jurisdictional questions, the steps that would follow from today would be quite different from one another.

But people have traveled to be here, and it's useful to get as much work done as possible with everyone here. So, I guess I leave to you to think about what -- if there's any discovery, any discussions that could be done in a technical session right now that would be valuable, I would encourage you to do it. At times, we've had cases where people develop two different schedules, one for a broader scope, one for a narrower scope, and while awaiting a ruling from the Commission.

And, I don't know if that would be appropriate in this case or not. It sounds like, under the rules, there's -- or, under the FCC standards, there's a pretty short time frame no matter what you're undertaking. And, so, maybe the schedule is the same whether it's a broader or narrow question. And, I hate, because of that schedule, to lose any more time.

So, if -- I guess I would encourage people, even though there isn't yet a ruling on the jurisdictional questions and intervention, encourage people to see if it's possible to develop a schedule, that makes certain assumptions, and there might be a couple of different -- different paths, depending on assumptions. I can't predict that, but that's -- we sometimes see that.

about is, given the significant legal issues, whether to seek briefing on the jurisdictional questions? And, if it weren't for the time frame here, that's worrisome, I think that would make sense. But, because the clock is ticking, and has been, I guess, since the original Petition was filed, if that's correct, we've lost a bit of time in reviewing that, having two different orders of notice.

And, so, I hesitate to use up yet another couple of weeks with briefing. So, unless anyone's really opposed to

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       that, I would -- I would suggest we not do any further
       jurisdictional submissions.
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                         (Chairman and Commissioners conferring.)
                         CMSR. SCOTT: I had one question for Ms.
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       Browne.
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                         MS. BROWNE:
                                      Yes.
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                         CMSR. SCOTT: I was curious if you could
       elaborate a little bit on the -- what your understanding
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       of the impact would be, we've talked about timing, if this
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       September date wasn't met, what the impact to your company
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       -- to Time Warner, rather?
                         MS. BROWNE: It's our understanding that
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       the provision -- that, if the timeframes are not met, it
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       does subject the order to challenges that it was issued
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       without authority. That would not -- we also think it's
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       important to keep this proceeding on a tight time frame.
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       Certainly, to the extent that there is a rule that you can
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       rely on that shows that there's a 360-day time frame, Time
       Warner is not opposed to that. But certainly does want to
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       -- wouldn't want to forfeit its rights, it's a protected
       entity under the statute to have resolution within a
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       reasonably prompt time, amount of time.
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                         CMSR. SCOTT: Thank you.
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                                        Commissioners, the
                         MS. KNOWLTON:
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Company is not adverse to sitting down with parties to the docket to try to come up with proposed schedules. I think it's, you know, very difficult to do, since we don't know what the schedules would be for. But, be that as it may, you know, we'll give it the college try. But, certainly, we can't begin -- we can't have dates where discovery begins in a proceeding here, because we don't know whether we're going to have a proceeding here. So, you know, we'll participate in that effort to come up with proposed schedules, all subject to the caveat that, you know, we first need to hear from the Commission about whether we're here or we're not, or, if we're here, what are we here for.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: That's a good point.

We sometimes have ordered -- excuse me, have proposed schedules that don't give a hard date, they work on blocks of time. So, it would be "two weeks after the Commission order", you know, "two weeks after that", so that you fill in the dates later, rather than trying to guess at those today. Commissioner Harrington.

CMSR. HARRINGTON: Yes. Just, and anybody can answer this, you know, to make sure I understand this correctly. There's a filing deadline in the Federal Court of June 7th. And, then, what happens?

1 What do you expect happens after that?

MR. BAUER: I would think, on behalf of the Company, filing date of June 7th, I suspect that Time Warner would file a rely to that objection, which would be about another 14 days or 17 days thereafter, would put us to the end of June. There might be an opportunity then to respond to that reply. And, then, the Court would have the issue before it. And, your guess is as good as ours in terms of when the judge would rule on that motion, in some fashion. And, of course, there are -- I guess there are appellate issues that may be involved in that ruling.

MR. SCOTT: Madam Chair?

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Yes.

MR. SCOTT: Just as a thought on the jurisdictional issues. That Time Warner -- Time Warner's Motion to Dismiss does speak to the PSC's exclusive jurisdiction and, alternatively, the primary jurisdiction. That's going to be responded to by PSNH on June 7th. Those two papers would, you know, serve to at least inform the Commission, if not the formal submissions in this docket. And, we can provide them.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: That might make sense. I mean, I think, if we're all going to go look them up, we might as well do it in a more organized

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If you could -- if both parties would like to
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       fashion.
       file with the Commission and copies to the entities here
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       today the jurisdictional briefing in that case, that would
       be helpful. And, I think they will be filed in this
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       docket, formally filed in the docket, that doesn't mean
       they're exhibits in the case, we don't need to make them
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       formal exhibits, but they will be readily available.
       I appreciate that.
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                         CMSR. HARRINGTON: And just, so,
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       following up on those, that schedule, it looks like
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       there's at least a good chance that the Federal Court
       won't rule by the September deadline. When was the
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       deadline in September?
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                                      September 27th.
                         MS. BROWNE:
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                         CMSR. HARRINGTON:
                                            September 27th.
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       we may not have the Federal Court ruling by that time, in
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       fact, we probably won't. Does that seem reasonable?
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                         MR. ANDERSON:
                                        The court will be able to
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       rule on the motion at any time starting late June forward.
       So, that's --
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                         (Court reporter interruption.)
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                         MR. ANDERSON: While it's possible, I
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       would expect a decision by mid summer to late summer.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
                                             All right.
                                                          Ιf
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there's nothing further -- I'm sorry. Ms. Browne, yes.

MS. BROWNE: Sure. Just my

understanding from the filings was that PSNH did not object to the Commission's consideration of the application of the current rules and setting of the rate prospectively. So, at a minimum, we should be here for those purposes, is that right? So, I would imagine that we can work out a schedule, because we anticipate that, at a minimum, certain issues will be here. And, a lot of the same issues -- so, during the time period in question, the FCC's rules were in effect for some time period, but then, subsequent to that, the Commission's Six Factor Test was in effect. And, so, that is the same test that we would be looking at for prospective issues. So, I would imagine that many of the same issues would apply to both time periods, it's the same set of factors.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Then, we will close this portion of the proceeding this morning, take all of these matters under advisement, and appreciate any efforts you have this morning in moving toward with any proposed schedules, or even definition of scope that people could agree upon. And, if there is anything that people can agree upon, or even alternate proposals, ask the Staff to file that with the Commission. And, also, to

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remind you, if there's any -- just to double check if
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       there is any clarity on our rules, and whether or not
       we're under the 360 or the 180-day provision. It sounds
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       like we're under the 180. But, just to be certain what
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       that is, we'd appreciate that. Thank you. We'll take it
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 6
       under advisement.
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                         (Whereupon the prehearing conference
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                         ended at 11:12 a.m., and a technical
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                         session was held thereafter.)
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